Lowland Hay

**Seeding Rate:** 20–25lb/A
60% Endophyte Free Tall Fescue
20% Timothy
20% Red Clover

A late heading mix that tolerates wetter soils and has a wide harvest window. Tall Fescue adds consistent high fiber digestibility, superb yields and traffic tolerance. Late-heading timothy dries easily and does not absorb high potassium levels. Red clover is easier to dry than other red clovers due to very little stem hair. Lowland Hay can also be mixed with alfalfa on marginal alfalfa soils.

**Soil Adaptation:**
Tolerates wetter soils, but also performs well on good to drier soils.
Wet—good, but will not tolerate excessive standing water
Drought—Very good. Timothy does not do well in drought pH range: 6.0 and higher. Tall Fescue tolerates lower pH.

**Cutting Management:**
Cut leaving a 3–4 in stubble height. Ideally should be cut before grass heads or at a very early clover flower. Timothy is tolerant to early cuttings.

**Stand life:**
Tall fescue and timothy persistence is very long except for in southern climates. Longer lived improved red clovers may only live a year or two in wetter soil conditions. Frost seeding additional red clover every 2 years should be considered.

**Traffic Tolerance:**
Very Good. Tall fescue has superior traffic tolerance.

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**At A Glance**

**Uses:**
Dry Hay: Very good.
Haylage/Balage: Excellent
Intensive Grazing: Marginal
Continuous Grazing: poor

**Establishment:**
Seeding Rate: 20–25 lb/acre.
Depth: 1/8–3/8 inch
Speed: Medium. Red Clover will emerge quickly and dominate during the establishment year. Tall Fescue and Timothy start a little slow, but will be very productive in years 2 and higher.

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Tailored Perennial Mixture